2nd International Conference on Green Hydrogen (ICGH 2024)





Role of BIS in Standardizing the Hydrogen Value Chain in India

value Chain in Inula



Bureau of Indian Standards - Genesis

- The Indian Standards Institution (ISI) was set up in 1947 as a registered society, under a Government of India resolution.
- Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) Act 1986 gave statutory status to BIS on 1 April 1987.
- The BIS Act of 2016 enforced on 12th October 2017 makes BIS the National Standards Body of India.





BIS STANDARDS STRUCTURE

GOVERNING COUNCIL

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

STANDARDS ADVISORY COMMITTEE

DIVISION COUNCIL

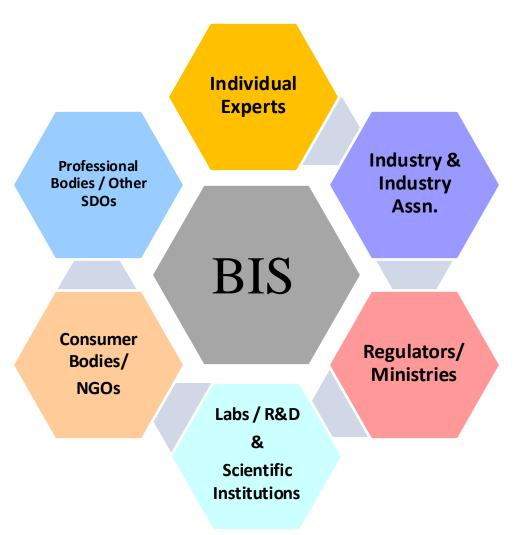
SECTIONAL COMMITTEE

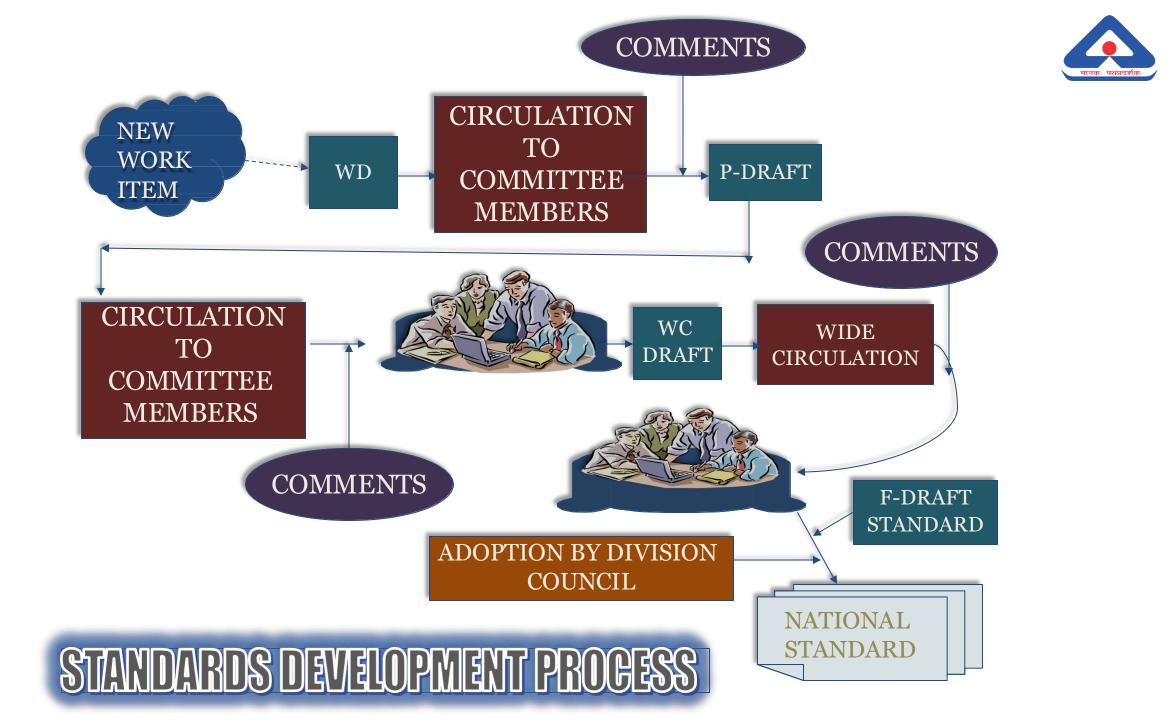
WORKING PANEL

WORKING GROUP



Stakeholders







Why Hydrogen?







Climate Change Mitigation: Green hydrogen can significantly cut CO2 emissions.



National Climate Targets: India aims to reduce the emissions intensity of the economy by 45% by 2030 and achieve netzero by 2070. Green hydrogen is crucial for these goals.



Energy Storage and Grid Stability: India targets 500 GW of non fossil based energy by 2030. Green hydrogen can store excess renewable energy.



Decarbonizing Heavy Industries and

Transportation: Green hydrogen can reduce the emissions caused in Heavy Industries like Steel and Transportation Sector.



Energy Security and Independence: India imports Significant amount of crude oil for its energy needs, making it vulnerable to global supply disruptions. Domestic green hydrogen production can enhance energy security.



Economic Opportunities and Job Creation: The National Hydrogen Mission aims to make India a global hub for green hydrogen production and export. This transition is expected to create jobs.



Technological Advancements and Cost Reductions: India is investing in electrolyzer technology and renewable energy to reduce green hydrogen production costs.



India's Stand at COP-26 (Nov. 2021) United Nations

- 1. Reach 500GW Non-fossil energy capacity by 2030.
- 2. 50 percent of its energy requirements from renewable energy by 2030.
- 3. Reduction of total projected carbon emissions by one billion tonnes from now to 2030.
- 4. Reduction of the carbon intensity of the economy by 45 per cent by 2030, over 2005 levels.
- 5. Achieving the target of net zero emissions by 2070.

(Source : PIB)

Transition to Green Hydrogen Based Economy



Market Development and Demand Creation: Promote the adoption of green hydrogen in key sectors such as transportation, industry, and power generation through incentives and pilot projects

Public-Private Partnerships: Foster collaborations between government, industry, and research institutions to accelerate innovation and commercialization of green hydrogen solutions Policy and Regulatory Support: Implementation of supportive policies, subsidies, and regulatory frameworks to encourage investment in green hydrogen technology and infrastructure. (NGHM has been Launched)

> Investment in R&D and Infrastructure: Increase funding for research and development of electrolyser technology, hydrogen storage, and distribution infrastructure to reduce costs and improve efficiency.

Scaling Renewable Energy Capacity: Expand renewable energy capacity (solar and wind) to provide the necessary electricity for green hydrogen production



Challenges in Hydrogen Value Chain and Role of Standards to counter them





<u>Challenges in Standardization of</u> <u>Hydrogen Value Chain</u>



Challenge: Significantly High **Purity** of Hydrogen needed for Fuel Cell Applications

Solution:

IS 16061 and IS 18538 Series of Standards have been formulated to Ascertain Quality of Hydrogen in line with International Counterparts (ISO 14687 and ISO 19880)

Challenges in Standardization of Hydrogen Value Chain

EN 837-

Challenge: High Working Pressure for Hydrogen (700 bars)

Solution:

Standards for Storage of Hydrogen as well as it's dispensation have been formulated keeping in mind the requirements for 700 Bar Pressure

<u>Challenges in Standardization of</u> <u>Hydrogen Value Chain</u>

Inherent Nature of Hydrogen for Causing Embrittlement in steels and other metals



Pre and Post Coating Standards have been Formulated along with Standards for Testing Hydrogen Embrittlement Resistance of Metals



 H_2

<u>Challenges in Standardization of</u> <u>Hydrogen Value Chain</u>

Paucity of Standards for use of Hydrogen in Mobility Applications Standards have been notified for Complete Fuel System Components used in Hydrogen run Vehicles {IS/ISO 12619 (Part 1-16), IS/ISO 17268, along with Under Process Standards for Type Approval of Hydrogen FC / H2 ICE Powered Vehicles}

Safety Standards related to Hydrogen Infrastructure

Indian Standard

Title

IS 16512 (Part 1) : 2016Hydrogen generators using fuel processing technologies —
Part 1: SafetyIS 16509 : 2020Hydrogen generators using water electrolysis — Industrial,
commercial, and residential applications.

IS 16061: 2021

commercial, and residential applications

Hydrogen Fuel Quality Product Specification

IS 16253 : 2016

Hydrogen detection apparatus — Stationary applications

Indian Standard

Title

IS 16749 : 2018

IS 19036 : 2023

IS/IEC 62282-3-100: 2019

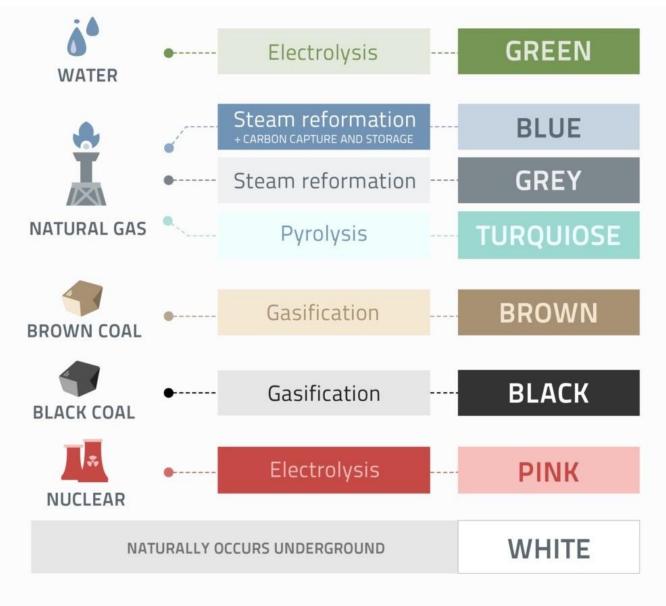
Basic considerations for the safety of hydrogen systems

Fuel cell road vehicles Safety specifications Protection against hydrogen hazards for vehicles fuelled with compressed hydrogen

Fuel Cell Technologies Part 3 Stationary Fuel Cell Power Systems Section 100 Safety



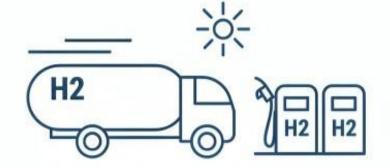
Generalized Colour Coding of Hydrogen in Industry

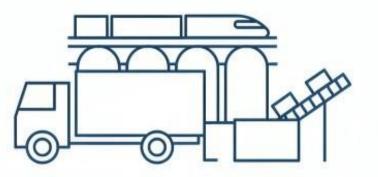




The hydrogen value chain







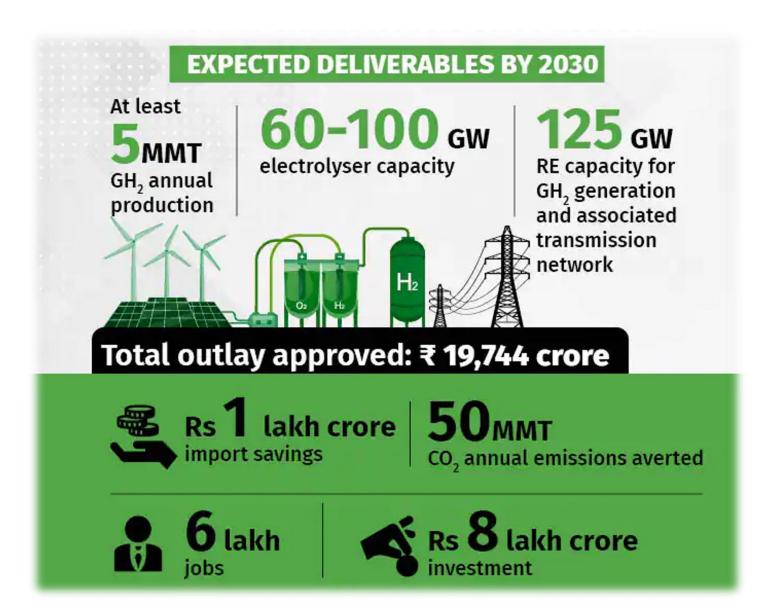
Hydrogen Production

Hydrogen Storage & Distribution

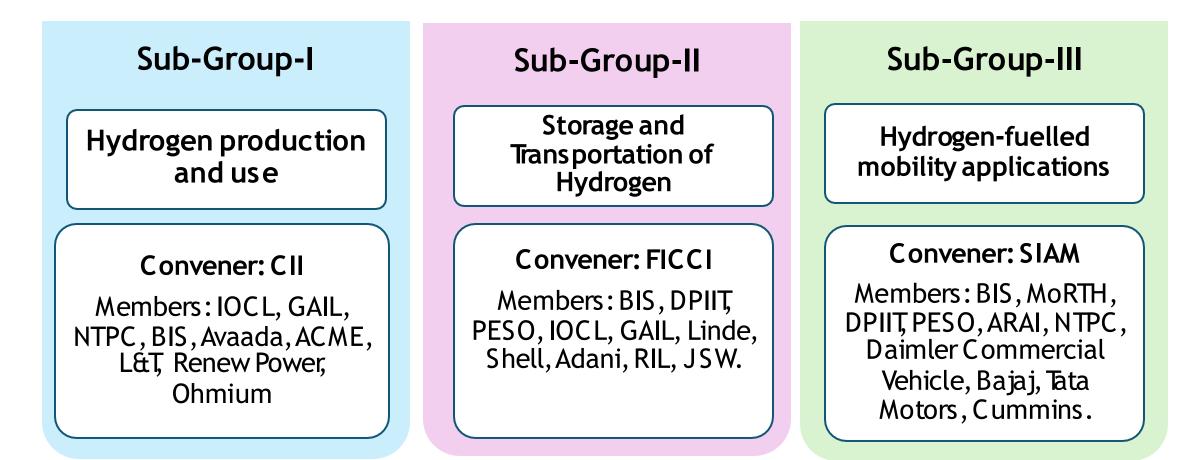
Hydrogen Utilization

National Green Hydrogen Mission





Gap Analysis Exercise Under Guidance of MNRE



Development of Standards and regulations for hydrogen safety in all three vertical components



A Total of 49 Subjects were Recommended by MNRE to BIS for Formulation of Indian Standards in 1st Phase



Ayush Division Council (AYDC)

Chemical Division Council (CHDC)

Civil Engineering Division Council (CEDC)

Electronics and Information Technology Division Council (LITDC)

Electrotechnical Division Council (ETDC)

Food and Agriculture Division Council (FADC)

Management and Systems Division Council (MSDC)

Mechanical Engineering Division Council (MEDC)

Medical Equipment and Hospital Planning Division Council (MHDC)

Metallurgical Engineering Division Council (MTDC)

Petroleum, Coal and Related Products Division Council (PCDC)

Production and General Engineering Division Council (PGDC)

Service Sector Division Council (SSDC)

Textiles Division Council (TXDC)

Transport Engineering Division Council (TEDC)

Water Resources Division Council (WRDC)

Division Councils



Departments Involved in Hydrogen Related Standardization work Other Departments



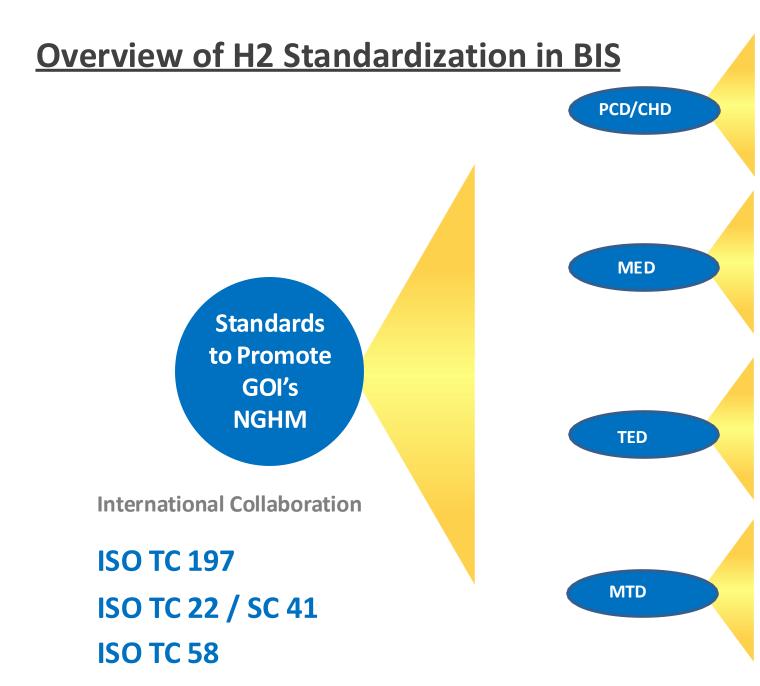
41 Standards have been published / Under Print

49 Standards recommended by MNRE 7 Standards Under development

For 7 standards; Working Drafts are being prepared by MNRE Sub groups

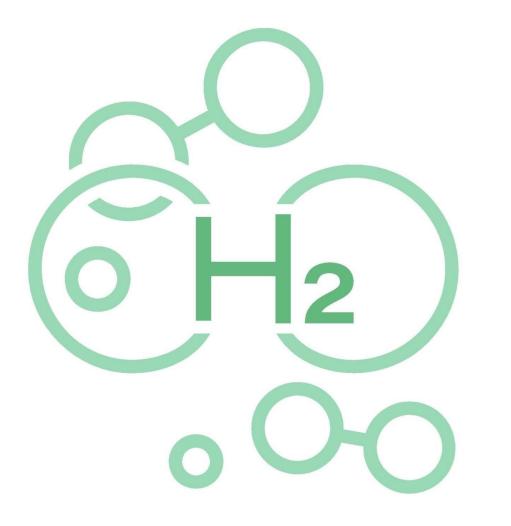
1 Standard Under development at IEC





- Hydrogen Fuel Quality
- Hydrogen generators
- Hydrogen detection apparatus
- Storage and Tank Standards for Liquid and Compressed Hydrogen
- Dispensing of Hydrogen Fuel
- Hydrogen Fuel System Components
- Refuelling connection devices
- Fuel cell road vehicles Energy consumption measurement
- Type Approval of Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen Fuel Cell Vehicles
- Pre Treatment and Post Coating of Steel to reduce the risk of Hydrogen Embrittlement
- Selection of Steel





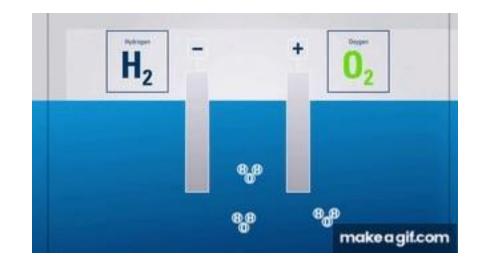


IS 16061: 2021 HYDROGEN FUEL QUALITY PRODUCT SPECIFICATION (ISO 14687:2019)



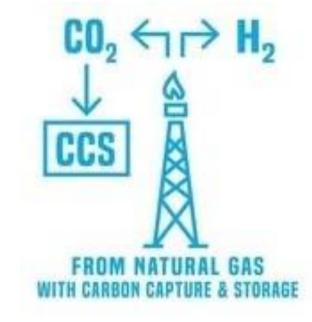


IS 16509 : 2020 HYDROGEN GENERATORS **USING WATER ELECTROLYSIS** — INDUSTRIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND RESIDENTIAL APPLICATIONS (ISO 22734:2019)





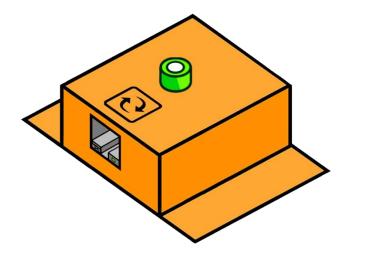
IS 16512 : 2016 HYDROGEN GENERATORS USING FUEL PROCESSING TECHNOLOGIES — PART 1: SAFETY (ISO 16110-1 : 2007)





IS 16253 : 2016 HYDROGEN DETECTION APPARATUS — STATIONARY APPLICATIONS

(ISO 26142 : 2010)





IS 16749 : 2018

BASIC CONSIDERATIONS FOR THE SAFETY OF HYDROGEN SYSTEMS

(ISO/TR 15916:2015)







<u>Standards on</u> <u>Storage of Hydrogen</u>



IS 18719 (Part 1) : 2023 - Cryogenic vessels — Transportable vacuum insulated vessels of not more than 1000 liters volume-part 1: Design, fabrication, inspection and tests (ISO 21029-1:2018)



IS 18719 (Part 2) : 2023 - Cryogenic vessels — Transportable vacuum insulated vessels of not more than 1 000 liters volume — Part 2: Operational requirements (SO 21029-2:2015)

Storage of Hydrogen



IS/ISO 13985 : 2006 Liquid hydrogen — Land vehicle fuel tanks



IS/ISO 11119-1:2020: Gas cylinders — Design, construction and testing of refillable composite gas cylinders and tubes — Part 1: Hoop wrapped fiber reinforced composite gas cylinders and tubes up to 450 l

IS/ISO 11119-2 : Part 2: Fully wrapped fibre reinforced composite gas cylinders and tubes up to 450 l with load-sharing metal liners



IS/ISO 11119-3 : Part 3: Fully wrapped fibre reinforced composite gas cylinders and tubes up to 450 l with non-load-sharing metallic or non-metallic liners or without liners



IS/ISO 11515 : 2022 Gas Cylinders — Refillable Composite Reinforced Tubes of Water Capacity between 450 L and 3 000 L — Design, Construction and Testing





IS 7285 : 2018 Refillable seamless steel gas cylinders - Specification: Part 1 normalized steel cylinders (In line with ISO 9809-3) {0.5-400 Lit. Water Capacity}

Storage of Hydrogen



IS 7285 : 2017 Refillable seamless steel gas cylinders - Specification: Part 2 quenched and tempered steel cylinders with tensile strength less than 1100 MPa (In line with ISO 9809-1) {0.5-400 Lit. Water Capacity}



IS/ISO 9809 : 2019 Gas Cylinders — Design, Construction and Testing of Refillable Seamless Steel Gas Cylinders and Tubes Part 2 Quenched and Tempered Steel Cylinders and Tubes with Tensile Strength Greater than or Equal to 1100 MPA (Up to 450 L Water Capacity)



IS 16735 : 2018 - Cylinders for on - Board Storage of Compressed Gasesous Hydrogen and Hydrogen Blends as a Fuel for Automative Vehicles - Specification



IS 19037: 2023 Transportable Gas Storage Devices Hydrogen Absorbed in Reversible Metal Hydride (ISO 16111:2018) {Internal Shell volume < 150 l; maximum developed pressure (MDP) < 25 MPa}





IS 18538 : 2023 Gaseous Hydrogen — Fueling Stations Part 1 **General Requirements** (ISO 19880-1)

Standards for Dispensing of Hydrogen



IS 18538 : 2023 Gaseous Hydrogen -Fueling Stations Part 3 Valves (ISO 19880-3)

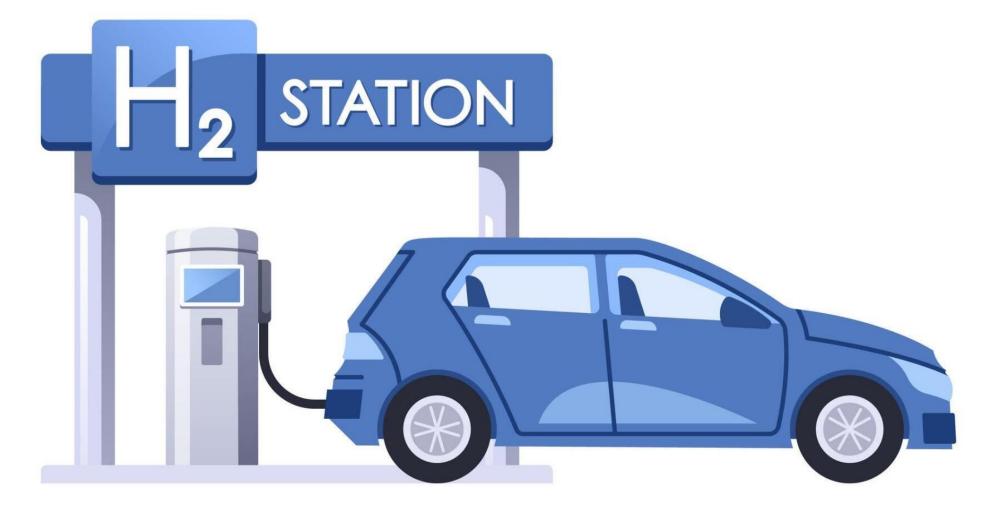


IS 18538 : 2023 Gaseous Hydrogen -Fueling Stations Part 5 **Dispenser Hoses and Hose Assemblies** (ISO 19880-5)



IS 18538 : 2023 Gaseous Hydrogen -Fueling Stations Part 8 Fuel Quality Control (ISO 19880-8)





Standards for Mobility Applications



1. IS/ISO 12619-1:2014

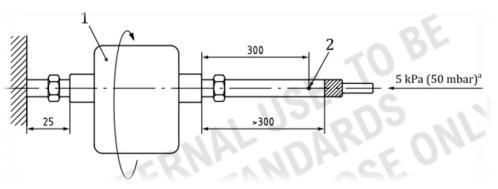
Road vehicles — Compressed gaseous hydrogen (CGH2) and hydrogen/natural gas blends fuel system components — **Part 1: General requirements and definitions**

- Gives General Requirements and Definitions for CGH2 and hydrogen/natural gas blends fuel system components
- Construction and assembly requirements, Electrical Equipment and Wiring and General Instruction Details have also been Provided.

2. IS/ISO 12619-2:2014

Road vehicles — Compressed gaseous hydrogen (CGH2) and hydrogen/natural gas blends fuel system components — **Part 2: Performance and general test methods**

 A Total of 18 Test Methods have been prescribed for Components. Eg. Bending Moment Test, Leakage Test, Excess Torque Resistance test etc.





Test Methods Mentioned in IS/ISO 12619 – 2 : 2014 Road vehicles — Compressed gaseous hydrogen (CGH2) and hydrogen/natural gas blends fuel system components — Part 2: Performance and general test methods

Hydrostatic strength Test

Leakage Test

Excess torque resistance Test

Bending moment Test

Continued operation Test

Corrosion resistance Test

Oxygen ageing Test

Ozone ageing Test

Electrical over-voltages Test

Non-metallic immersion Test

Vibration resistance Test

Brass material compatibility Test

Non metallic material compatibility to hydrogen

Test

Metallic material compatibility to hydrogen Test

Pre-Cooled Hydrogen Exposure Test

Insulation resistance Test

Ultraviolet resistance of external surfaces Test

Automotive fluid exposure Test



Sl. No.	IS No.	Title
3	IS/ISO 12619-3 : 2014	Road vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blend Fuel System Components — Pressure Regulator
4	IS/ISO 12619-4: 2016	Road vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blend Fuel System Components — Check Valve
5	IS/SO 12619-5: 2016	Road Vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blends Fuel System Components — Manual Cylinder Valve
6	IS/ISO 12619-6: 2017	Road Vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blends Fuel System Components — Automatic Valve
7	IS/ISO 12619-7: 2017	Road Vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blends Fuel System Components — Gas Injector



Sl. No.	IS No.	Title
8	IS/ISO 12619-8: 2017	Road Vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas
		Blends Fuel System Components — Pressure Indicator
9	IS/ISO 12619-9: 2017	Road Vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blends Fuel System Components — Pressure Relief Valve (PRV)
10	IS/ISO 12619-10: 2017	Road Vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blends Fuel System Components – Pressure Relief Device (PRD)
11	IS/ISO 12619-11: 2017	Road Vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blends Fuel System Components – Excess Flow Valve
12	IS/ISO 12619-12: 2017	Road Vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blends Fuel System Components – Gas-tight Housing and Ventilation Hoses

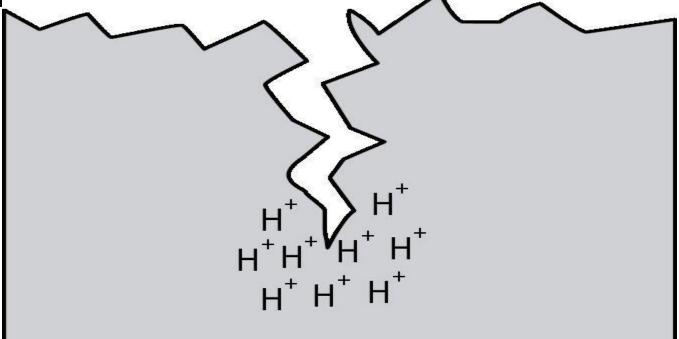


Sl. No.	IS No.	Title
13	IS/ISO 12619-13 : 2017	Road vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blend Fuel System Components — Fuel Line In Stainless Steel
14	IS/ISO 12619-14: 2017	Road vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blend Fuel System Components — Flexible Fuel Line
15	IS/SO 12619-15: 2017	Road Vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blends Fuel System Components — Filter
16	IS/ISO 12619-16: 2017	Road Vehicles — Compressed Gaseous Hydrogen (CGH2) and Hydrogen / Natural Gas Blends Fuel System Components — Fittings



Sl. No.	IS No.	Title
17	IS/ISO 17268 : 2020	Gaseous hydrogen land vehicle refueling connection devices
18	IS/ISO 23828: 2013	Fuel Cell Road Vehicles – Energy Consumption Measurement – Vehicles fueled with Compressed Hydrogen
19	IS 19036 : 2023	Fuel cell road vehicles Safety specifications Protection against hydrogen hazards for vehicles fuelled with compressed hydrogen
20	IS 19035 : 2023	Gas Cylinders Flexible Hoses Assemblies Specification And Testing







Standards on

Material

Compatibility to

<u>counter Hydrogen</u>

Embrittlement



Standards on Material Compatibility to counter Hydrogen Embrittlement

IS/ISO 11114 Part 4 : 2017 Transportable Gas Cylinders - Compatibility of Cylinder and Valve Materials with Gas Contents Part 4 **Test Methods for Selecting Steels Resistant to Hydrogen Embrittlement**

IS 18463 : 2023 Metallic and other inorganic coatings **Pre-treatment** of iron or steel to reduce the risk of hydrogen embrittlement (ISO 9587)

IS 18436 : 2023 Metallic and other inorganic coatings **Post-coating** treatments of iron or steel to reduce the risk of hydrogen embrittlement (ISO 9588)

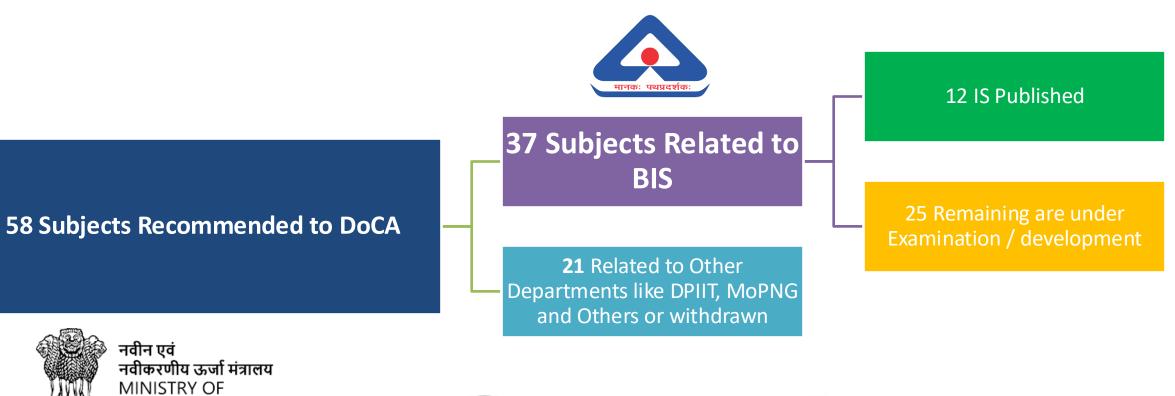
IS 18435 (Part 11) : 2023 Corrosion of Metals and Alloys — Stress Corrosion Testing Part 11 **Testing the Resistance of Metals and Alloys to Hydrogen Embrittlement and Hydrogen-Assisted Cracking** — Guidelines (ISO 7539-11)



2nd Set of MNRE Recommendations









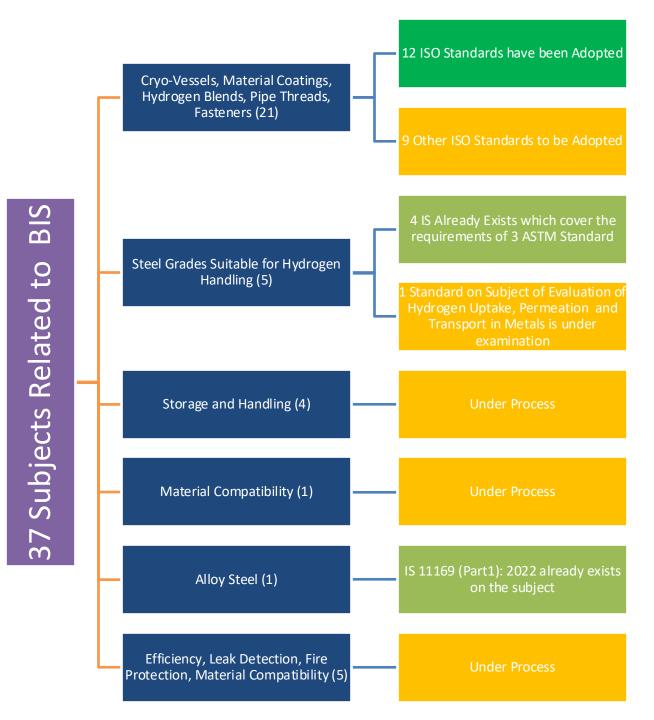
NEW AND **RENEWABLE ENERGY**







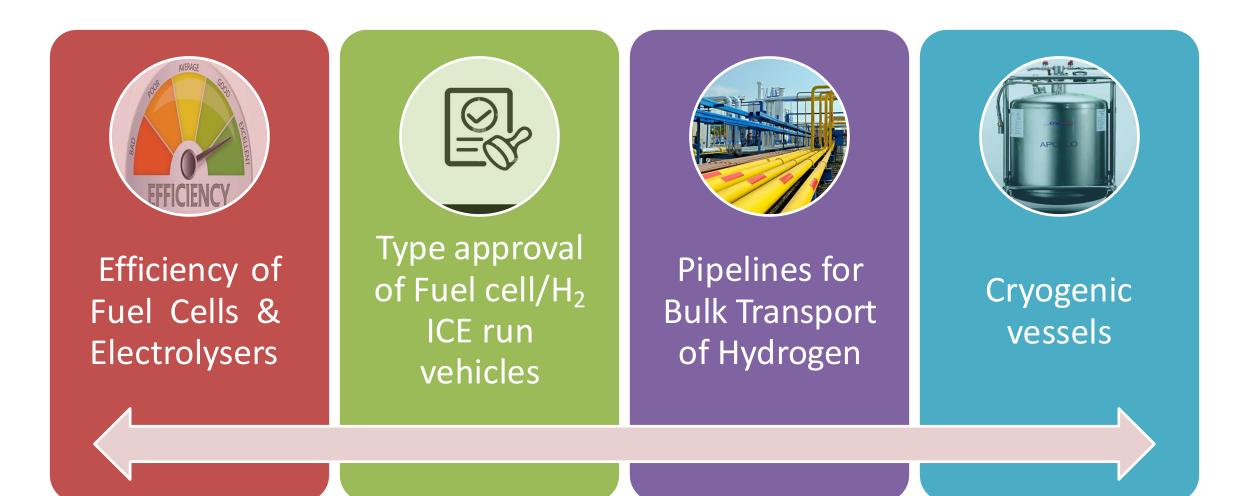








Important Subject for Standardization in Future





Thank You